Brief overview
Of

AQUACULTURE IN INDA and

PROSPECTS OF MARINE FIN FISH CULTURE

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MPEDA, Ministry of Commerce & Industry

Government of India



AQUACULTURE POTENTIAL IN INDIA

Total Coast Line

(includes Andaman & Nicobar islands :

and Lakshadweep islands)

Total Brackish Water area available : 1.2 Million ha.

FRESH WATER RESOURCES

8129 Km

2.3 Million ha

Fresh Water Earthern ponds : 2.25 Million ha

Lakes and Reservoirs : 2.09 Million ha

Abandoned paddy fields suitable for fish culture :

Rivers & Canals : 0.16 Million KM.

PRESENT STATUS OF PRODUCTION FROM AGQUACULTURE

FRESH WATER AREA

Aquaculture in India is mainly carp based and carp alone contributes over 1.3 million tons every year.

- This production comes from 0.6 million ha of fresh water ponds.
- The average production level is 2 tons / ha / yr.
- Indian major carps are the main species cultured i.e Catla catla, Labeo rohita, Cirrihinus mrigala.
- Another Main Species cultured in Fresh Water Area is *Macrobrachium rosen bergii (Scampi)*
 - Area under culture 36,640 ha -
 - Production 24,230 tons.

PRESENT STATUS OF PRODUCTION FROM AGQUACULTURE

BRACKISH WATER AREA

Total area under culture : 1,57,400 Ha

(i.e around 14 % of the total potential area)

Shrimp Production : 1,02,940 tons.

Average Production / ha. : 600 kg /ha/yr

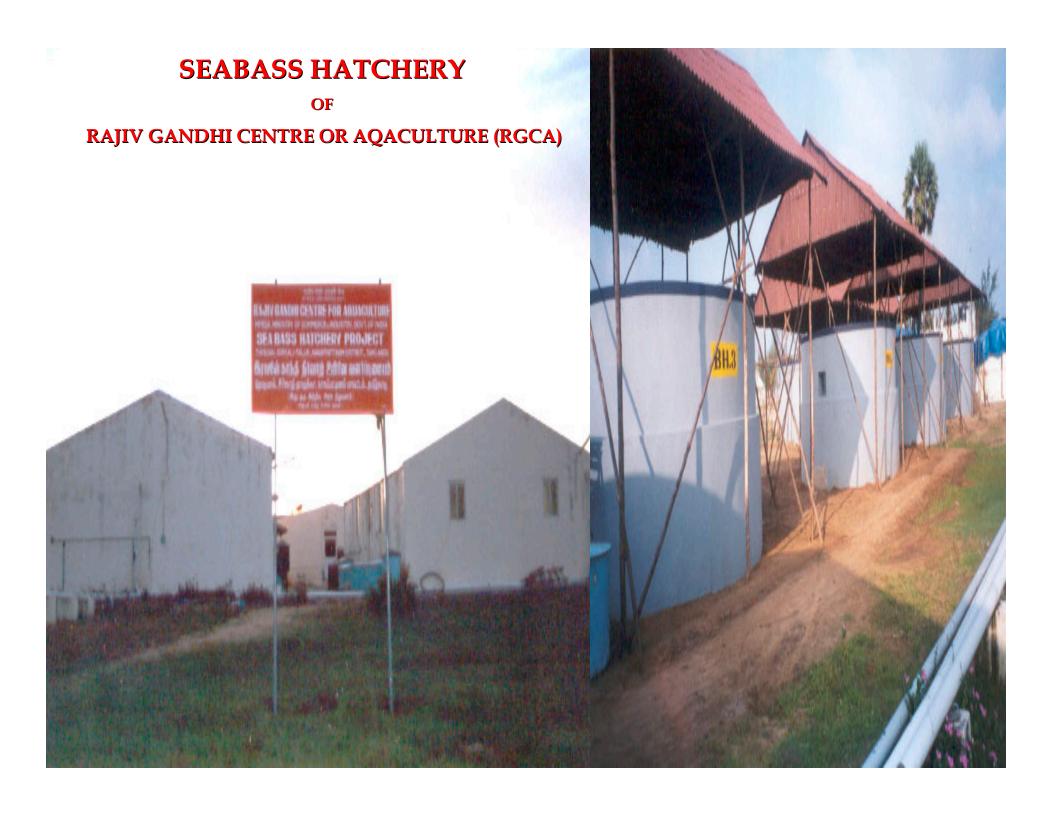
Contribution to exports : 58 % by quantity and 85% by value.

No other species is commercially cultured in India particularly marine fin fishes.

RAJIV GANDHI CENTRE FOR AQUACULTURE

- Rajiv Gandhi Centre for Aquaculture was setup by the Government of India to develop commercial culture technologies for species which commands good market Potential particularly marine fin fishes.
- In this connection RGCA has now for the first time in India initiated projects for developing marine fin fish culture in India.
- * As a first steps RGCA established a commercial hatchery for production of seabass seeds in India by availing marginal technical advise from Central Institute of Brackishwater Aquaculture (ICAR) and also by availing hands on training 'on seabass culture' from Northern Fisheries Centre, DPI, Government of Queensland, Australia.

- RGCA also established a commercial Seabass Culture Demonstration Farm in India. At this farm for the first time cage culture of seabass in ponds was introduced by importing nylon knotless net cages from Netcraft Pvt. Ltd., Tashmania, Australia and also importing seabass feed from M/s. Ridley Agri Products, Australia.
- * To Streamline the marine fin fish technology RGCA has serious plans to enter into a long term agreement with DPI, Queensland, Australia for availing technical consultancy.



OPERATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS OF SEABASS HATCHERY OF RGCA

- Mass Culture of Live feed
- Mass Culture of suitable algal strains
- Enrichment of Artemia Nauplii
- Larval Rearing attempts
- Weaning of larvae to artificial diets
- Growing of larvae to fingerlings with Dry pellet feeds
- Grading of fish seed
- Packing of different sizes of seed and transporting to different distances.

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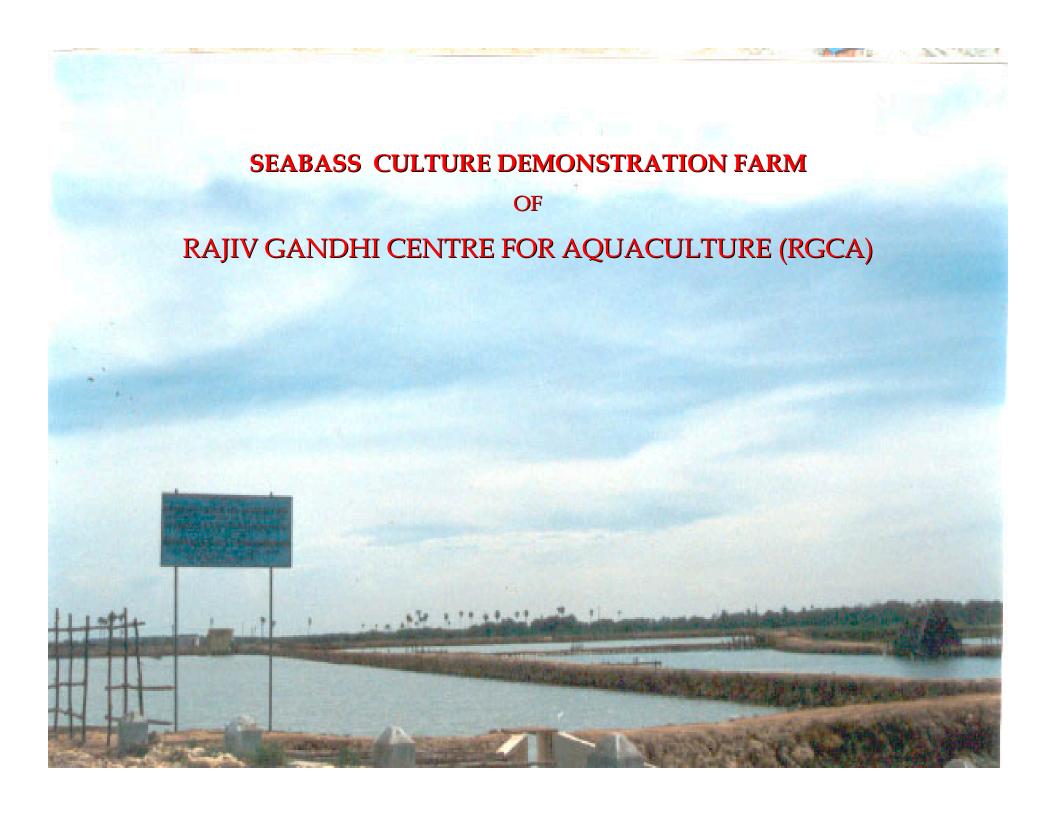
















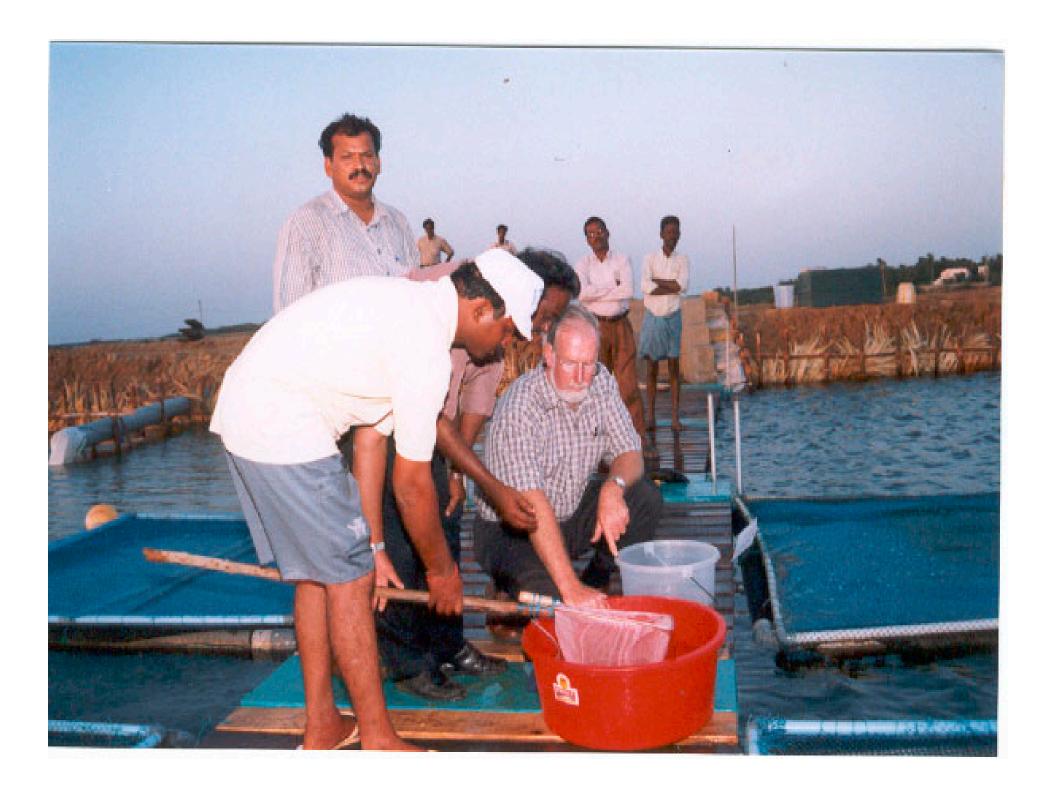












IMPORTANT SPECIES CAUGHT FROM INDIAN SEAS

<u>Scientific Name</u>			Common Name
Epinephelus aerolatus		-	Aerolated Reef cod
"	blekeri	/	Dusky – tail reef cod
"	chlorostigma	-	Brown spotted Grouper
u .	fasciatus	-	Red banded grouper
"	fuscogauttatus	-	Brown marbled grouper
"	malabaricus	-	Malabar grouper
"	hexagonatus	-	White speeked grouper
"	merra	-	Honey comb grouper
"	modestus		Moustached grouper
u u	tauvina	-	Greasy grouper
"	dicanthus	-	Thorny – Cheek grouper

